

# First Russian Fined for Googling 'Extremist' Content

December 10, 2025



Judge Elena Polyanskaya, who found Sergei Glukhikh guilty. [SOTAvision](#)

A court in Russia's Sverdlovsk region has fined the country's first person convicted of searching for extremist materials online by less than \$40, the independent news website [Mediazona](#) [reported](#) Wednesday.

Sergei Glukhikh, 20, was [arrested](#) in September under a law that had come into force earlier that month, and which raised concerns about expanded surveillance and potential abuse by law enforcement.

Signed by President Vladimir Putin over the summer, the law [introduced](#) fines of up to 5,000 rubles (\$65) for "knowingly" seeking out extremist materials online, including through VPN services.

A police officer involved in the case [told](#) the judge that an FSB officer noticed Glukhikh searching for extremist content while riding next to him on the bus, according to the Russian news outlet Daily Storm.

Glukhikh was initially accused of [looking up](#) information about Ukraine's Azov Brigade and the Russian Volunteer Corps, but the judge sent it back for [revision](#) due to a mix-up involving Russia's multiple databases of extremist materials.

Glukhikh was ultimately only tried for googling the Azov Brigade.

The Krasnogorsky District Court in the town of Kamensk-Uralsky on Wednesday found Glukhikh guilty and imposed a fine of 3,000 rubles (\$38).

Glukhikh, who did not attend his sentencing hearing, has denied his guilt. He has accused the authorities of intimidation.

**Related article:** [Russia Opens First Case Under Law Punishing Online Searches for 'Extremist' Content](#)

The Azov Brigade was formed in 2014 as a far-right volunteer paramilitary unit fighting against pro-Russian separatists in eastern Ukraine, but was later reformed and integrated into Ukraine's national guard.

Russia's Supreme Court [declared](#) it a "terrorist" organization in 2022, paving the way for the unit's captured fighters to face lengthy prison terms in Russia.

Moscow has used Azov's past extremist right-wing links to justify what it calls its "denazification" of Ukraine.

Original url:

<https://www.themoscowtimes.com/2025/12/10/first-russian-fined-40-for-googling-extremist-content-a91397>