

# What We've Learned From Russia and Ukraine's Peace Roadmaps

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Russian negotiators at the second round of Russia-Ukraine talks in Istanbul on Monday. **Alexander Ryumin / TASS** 

Moscow and Kyiv presented their respective roadmaps for a potential peace settlement as they held a second round of direct talks in Istanbul on Monday.

The main points of disagreement remain the conditions for a ceasefire, as both sides continue military operations, as well as territorial disputes.

The Moscow Times looks at where Russia and Ukraine now stand on key issues in the negotiations:

#### Ceasefire

Ukraine has repeatedly <u>said</u> that an immediate and unconditional ceasefire on air, sea and land is essential for peace negotiations.

In its peace framework presented on Monday, Ukraine <u>reiterated</u> that it sees a "full and unconditional ceasefire" for at least 30 days as "a necessary background and prerequisite for peace negotiations."

President Vladimir Putin has effectively ignored Ukrainian and Western calls for a 30-day ceasefire. He did, however, order a three-day ceasefire to mark the 80th anniversary of the Soviet Union's victory over Nazi Germany last month.

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In its peace framework presented Monday, Russia said a ceasefire would depend on Kyiv's full withdrawal from the Donetsk, Luhansk, Zaporizhzhia and Kherson regions.

"A 30-day ceasefire is to be established from the moment the withdrawal of Ukrainian Armed Forces begins," said the Russian memorandum <u>published</u> by state news agencies.

The second option presented by Moscow requires a halt to mobilization and start of demobilization, an end to foreign military aid and intelligence support to Ukraine and the withdrawal of all foreign military personnel and specialists from Ukrainian territory.

Both Russia and Ukraine proposed establishing a monitoring mission to oversee the ceasefire. However, Russia's version envisions a "bilateral" monitoring center, while Ukraine suggested a ceasefire monitoring mission led by the U.S. and supported by third countries.

### **Territorial questions**

In its memorandum, Russia calls for the "international legal recognition" of annexed Crimea, Luhansk, Donetsk, Zaporizhzhia and Kherson regions as part of Russia and demands the complete withdrawal of the Ukrainian military and other paramilitary units from these territories.

Ukraine has said it will never recognize its occupied territories as Russian and reaffirmed that territorial questions can be discussed "only after a full and unconditional ceasefire."

### Prisoner exchange

Ukraine called for the "unconditional return" of all forcibly deported and illegally displaced

Ukrainian children, the exchange of all prisoners and the "release by Russia of all civilian hostages."

In its memorandum, Russia agreed on mutual amnesty for "political prisoners" and the release of detained civilians.

## Military and NATO membership

Moscow's memorandum insists that Ukraine be barred from all military alliances and calls for strict limits on Ukrainian military activity in the event of a truce, such as a ban on

mobilization, halt to the flow of Western weapons and a ban on Ukrainian troop redeployment except for withdrawal from Russia's borders.

The Russian peace roadmap also includes a clause on a mutual refusal to claim compensation for war-related damages.

Ukraine's roadmap states that Kyiv should not be forced to be neutral, saying that Ukraine "can choose to be part of the Euro-Atlantic community and move towards EU membership. Ukraine's membership in NATO depends on consensus within the Alliance."

"No restrictions may be imposed on the number, deployment, or other parameters of the Armed Forces of Ukraine, as well as on the deployment of troops of friendly foreign states on the territory of Ukraine," it said.

### Political and economic issues

Ukraine said that it could lift some of its sanctions from Moscow, "but in stages and only gradually, with a mechanism for resuming sanctions if necessary."

"Frozen Russian sovereign assets are used for reconstruction or remain frozen until reparations are paid," Ukraine's roadmap said.

Russia proposed a phased restoration of diplomatic and economic ties, including gas transit and transport links with Ukraine and the lifting of all existing and the rejection of new economic sanctions between the two countries.

Despite Zelensky <u>signing</u> a decree effectively banning negotiations with Putin, Ukraine's peace framework also suggested that the leaders of Ukraine and Russia meet to agree on key aspects of a final peace settlement.

Moscow's memorandum calls for presidential and parliamentary elections to be held in Ukraine no later than 100 days after Kyiv lifts martial law.

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