

Kirill Dmitriev: The Putin Investment Envoy Navigating Peace Talks and Backchannel Diplomacy

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Kirill Dmitriev. **Evgeny Reutov / Roscongress Photobank**

Kirill Dmitriev has been called everything from one of Russia's most prominent investment figures and President Vladimir Putin's personal envoy to even a "shadow foreign minister."

The head of Russia's sovereign wealth fund has recently stepped into the spotlight as a key negotiator in Ukraine peace talks and an increasingly visible player on the international stage.

His visit to Washington this month — the most high-profile by a Russian official since the 2022 invasion of Ukraine — was the latest step in the emerging thaw in Russia-U.S. relations under President Donald Trump.

In addition to drawing attention with appearances on [CNN](#) and [Fox News](#) during his U.S. trip, he also launched an account on X, which is blocked in Russia, where he posts in English.

So who is Kirill Dmitriev — and why is he suddenly everywhere?

Western education and Russian career

Unlike many Russian officials, who rarely have a Western education, Dmitriev, who was born in Kyiv, [studied](#) at Stanford and Harvard. He started his career in the U.S. with Goldman Sachs and McKinsey before returning to Russia in the 2000s.

By 2011, he was appointed head of the Russian Direct Investment Fund (RDIF), which he [said](#) was based on his successful investment track record in Russia and not his personal connections.

“I only started to closely communicate with government representatives recently,” Dmitriev said in a 2012 interview.

[Appointed](#) this year as Russia’s special envoy on international economic and investment cooperation, Dmitriev, 49, also continues to head the RDIF — an organization that, [according to](#) the U.S., “Putin and his inner circle of cronies have long relied on...to raise funds abroad, including in the United States.”

Under Dmitriev’s leadership, the RDIF forged investment partnerships with funds and corporations from [China](#), [Saudi Arabia](#), [Japan](#), [France](#) and [the UAE](#). Dmitriev himself is known for cultivating relations with foreign political figures including Saudi Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman, who he has [met](#) dozens of times.

Though RDIF [stresses](#) that it is apolitical and “aligned with global standards,” the RDIF and Dmitriev were both sanctioned in 2022 by [the U.S.](#), [Canada](#), [the U.K.](#) and [Australia](#). The RDIF is also under [EU](#) and [Ukrainian](#) sanctions. In a letter to The Moscow Times, the RDIF said “the Fund was sanctioned solely on the formal grounds that the Government of Russia has a share in its capital.”

Now playing a key role in Russia-U.S. peace negotiations, he took part in a meeting with representatives of President Donald Trump in Saudi Arabia in February and traveled to the U.S. — a trip that, [according to](#) CNN, meant that the U.S. temporarily lifted its sanctions against him to grant him a visa.

Diplomatic shadows

While Dmitriev has been cutting a figure as a key negotiator in peace talks, those who have worked with him describe a very different personality.

“Kirill is ambitious; he really loves and values himself. He always emphasizes his proximity to the president’s family. You can’t approach him easily,” a source who has known Dmitriev personally for a long time told The Moscow Times on condition of anonymity.

“He always reacted quite emotionally if something went wrong or didn’t go according to his plan. He could yell and stomp his feet,” another person who worked under him in the past told The Moscow Times.

The Insider news outlet quoted another source who knows Dmitriev as [saying](#) that he “loves

putting on a show with calls from high-ranking [Russian] officials” during negotiations to pressure partners into agreeing to deals.

The RDIF refuted these characterizations, calling them “untrue” and claiming they were made “to damage the business reputation” of Dmitriev, who is “highly professional” in “achieving the results of negotiations.”

According to Russian media sources, Dmitriev has also “clashed” with the Foreign Ministry.

The investigative news outlet Agentstvo [reported](#) that the confrontation between the two camps escalated during the first U.S.-Russia meeting in Saudi Arabia on Feb. 18, as Putin had authorized two separate negotiating teams without coordinating them.

“[Foreign Minister Sergei] Lavrov was very surprised to see three chairs on the Russian side of the negotiating room,” Agentsvo cited its anonymous source as saying, adding that it could not independently verify some of the source’s claims.

Related article: [Russia's Envoys Clashed at February Summit With U.S. in Saudi Arabia – Agentsvo](#)

When Lavrov was informed that the third seat was for Dmitriev, he reportedly moved the chair away from the table and said, “If he wants to take part, let Vladimir Vladimirovich [Putin] tell me himself.”

“Everyone goes to Putin individually, and he tells each person something different,” Agentsvo’s source said. “That’s part of the reason why no one can clearly articulate Russia’s demands at the talks.”

Dmitriev was also allegedly the reason why Sputnik V — the Russian-made coronavirus vaccine that RDIF bankrolled — did not receive international certification despite it being the first in the world to be [registered](#) by national authorities, [according to](#) former Russian diplomat Boris Bondarev.

“It seems that Dmitriev, if he was ever familiar with Western norms, has traded them for the Russian, Putin-era system,” said Bondarev, who resigned from the Russian mission at the UN in Geneva after the invasion of Ukraine. “The Putin system is: ‘Do what we say, and the Westerners will eventually bend. We must make them bend. They shouldn’t set the terms for us; we will set the terms for them’.”

In comments to The Moscow Times, RDIF called this claim “completely baseless,” saying that it was the Russian Health Ministry that “was in constant contact with representatives of the WHO and the EMA responsible for registering” Sputnik V.

‘Putin’s aide’

Dmitriev also acted as an unofficial diplomatic envoy in the Persian Gulf, fostering ties with Saudi Arabia, the UAE, Bahrain and Kuwait, [according to](#) Alexei Navalny’s Anti-Corruption Foundation (FBK).

Though these missions were officially framed as investment-driven, critics have [described](#) him as a “shadow foreign minister” whom the Kremlin entrusts with sensitive assignments, including attempts to arrange a meeting with Trump’s team after his first presidential win and “secret plans” for building relations between Russia and the U.S.

A key factor behind this trust may lie in his close personal connections to Putin’s inner circle, Russian media suggested.

“You can solve almost any problem through Kirill Alexandrovich [Dmitriev],” a Moscow businessman [told](#) The Insider.

Dmitriev’s wife Natalia Popova is deputy director of the Innopraktika Foundation, whose head Katerina Tikhonova is widely believed to be Putin’s daughter and was reportedly Popova’s university classmate.

The independent investigative outlet IStories [reported](#) that Dmitriev provided Tikhonova with a Gulfstream G650 for her trips to Munich and allegedly [leaked](#) insider information on the RDIF’s business deals to Putin’s former son-in-law Kirill Shamalov. Dmitriev [called](#) the investigation “one of thousands of fake stories.” The RDIF told The Moscow Times that “this information is not correct” and said that “no insider information has ever been transferred to Mr. Shamalov.”

FBK has also [accused](#) Dmitriev of accumulating more than 7.5 billion rubles (around \$93.75 million) in assets across several countries, including France and the UAE. According to FBK, during the time Dmitriev worked as the RDIF’s head, the value of his real estate increased twentyfold — an investigation also “categorically refuted” by the RDIF.

Further Russia-U.S. talks

Following his visit to Washington last week, Dmitriev [announced](#) more Russian-American “contacts” to come this week.

“Undoubtedly, a major focus is on restoring Russian-American relations, something I’ve been working on for many years,” Dmitriev said in the interview with Russia’s state-run Channel One.

“Russia has withstood the attempt at a strategic defeat that the [President Joe] Biden administration tried to impose,” Dmitriev said.

“The United States is trying to understand where the points of convergence are between the interests of the U.S. and those of Russia. We see the beginning of a respectful, constructive dialogue,” he added.

Pyotr Kozlov contributed reporting.

This article has been edited to add comments from the Russian Direct Investment Fund (RDIF) to The Moscow Times.

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