

# U.S. Envoy Says Frozen Russian Assets Could Be 'Easy' Ukraine Funding

By [AFP](#)

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Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelensky greets U.S. envoy Penny Pritzker. **Ukrainian Presidential press-service**

The U.S. special envoy for Ukraine's economic recovery said Monday that tapping frozen Russian assets would be an "easy" source of money for Kyiv, but G7 countries must first agree collectively to do it.

Penny Pritzker spoke on the sidelines of the first day of the annual meeting of global elites in Davos, Switzerland, where the war in Ukraine figures highly on the agenda.

Ukraine has pushed for the West to seize \$300 billion in frozen Russian assets to pay for its reconstruction.

Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelensky, who will address the World Economic Forum on Tuesday, said after talks with Swiss President Viola Amherd in Bern that the fate of Russian

assets was an "urgent issue."

But G7 nations have said any confiscation is fraught with legal problems.

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Diplomats say the United States backs such a move but has faced resistance from Europeans, who fear that Russia and other players will stop trusting the West as a safe place for their money.

"I think there's enormous hope that the Russian sovereign assets could become an easy source of financing," Pritzker said at the Ukraine House, whose organizers include the foundation of Ukrainian businessman Victor Pinchuk and asset manager Horizon Capital.

She said the Group of Seven wealthy nations has asked ministers to study if Russian assets could be used for Ukraine.

"The whole thing is very complicated. And the first thing you know is a ton of lawyers need to get involved," Pritzker said.

A "legal theory" is needed, along with legislation and a decision on who would oversee the process.

She said the United States would not go it alone and a "collective decision" must be made.

"There's real work going on and real effort and real intention, but we're far from a conclusion," she said.

At the same talk, French President Emmanuel Macron's envoy for Ukraine reconstruction, Pierre Heilbronn, noted that two-thirds of the estimated \$300 billion of Russian assets are concentrated in Europe.

"We're very clear in effect on the fact that there should be a G7 more or less common position on that," Heilbronn said.

Pritzker also sought to reassure Ukrainians, who worry about war fatigue among allies, that Washington would continue to provide aid to Ukraine despite "uncertainty" over U.S. and European assistance.

Republicans have blocked U.S. President Joe Biden's push for more funds for Ukraine.

Donald Trump, who has spoken out against military support for Ukraine, is likely to be the Republican candidate against Biden in the November presidential election.

"It's easy for us to become fractured and we have to be careful because that's exactly what [Russian President Vladimir] Putin would like us to do, is to start bickering among ourselves," she said.

"I want to give reassurance to Ukrainian people that the American people and America is there for you, even though our politics and democracies can be very complicated," she said.

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