

7 Key Bills of the Russian Duma's Spring Session

July 27, 2018



Sergei Kiselyov / Moskva News AGENCY

Friday marks the last day of the Russian State Duma's spring session, in which lawmakers in the lower house of parliament [considered](#) a total of 900 bills, of which 343 bills were passed.

Here is a list of the most resonant bills that lawmakers approved in the spring session.

Counter-sanctions

The Kremlin was [given](#) the authority to ban trade in certain items with countries deemed to be “unfriendly” to Moscow, in response to sweeping sanctions imposed by the United States against Russian firms and businessmen for “malign activities.”

An earlier draft of the legislation, which was amended, threatened to restrict the imports of U.S. medicines and foods and give Russian businesses the right to [ignore](#) foreign copyright restrictions.

Online libel

An internet libel bill allows authorities to [block](#) websites that publish defamatory information against public figures, a move critics say will further erode free speech.

Related article: [Russian Lawmakers Pass Law Censoring Internet Defamation](#)

Under a previous version of Russia's technology law, website owners were fined for refusing to remove information discrediting the "honor, dignity or business reputation" of a citizen.

Minimum wage

In the lead up to the presidential elections, lawmakers [raised](#) the minimum wage to 11,163 rubles (\$198) per month, bringing it to the minimum subsistence level.

The Duma said Russia's lowest-earning income bracket would earn 43 percent more than they did in 2017.

Prison reform

Many imprisoned Russians will be granted an early [release](#) under a new law that counts time spent awaiting trial toward a jail sentence.

Related article: [Early Release Likely for Thousands of Jailed Russians Under New Law](#)

One day in pretrial detention now equals 1.5 days spent in a penal colony, where prisoners perform manual labor, and 2 days in remote prisons, where inmates are free to roam under the watch of guards.

Tax hikes

State efforts to shore up the budget and spend more on social programs led legislators to pass an [increase](#) in the value-added tax (VAT) rate from 18 to 20 percent starting next year.

Lawmakers expect the tax hike to add 620 billion rubles (\$9.8 billion) to the budget per year, while critics say it will drive up inflation and gas prices.

Migration rules

A new measure [requires](#) foreigners to be registered with migration authorities by landlords at their home address, leaving foreign employees registered with their companies at the work address in limbo.

Related article: [Foreigners in Russia Are Panicking Over New Migration Rules](#)

Visitors in breach of the new migration rules risk being fined or deported.

World Cup visas

Football fans from across the world who have Fan IDs from the World Cup this summer will soon be able to visit Russia visa-free for the rest of 2018, under legislation that is expected to pass the Federation Council and receive a presidential signature in the coming days.

Lawmakers made Putin's pledge to extend visa-free travel for fans a priority, [rushing through](#) the legislation in a little over a week.

Leftovers bills

The controversial bills to [raise](#) the retirement age, [criminalize](#) compliance with Western sanctions, and label individual bloggers as "foreign agents" all went through the Duma in the first reading.

They are likely to receive consideration when the Duma deputies sit down for the fall session in September.

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