

Russian Historical Revisionism Goes to the Movies

By Andrei Muchnik

January 16, 2017



Earning a record-breaking billion rubles in⊠nine days, the historical Russian film "Viking"⊠is confidently marching to the number one⊠spot at the box office. It may even displace the⊠highest-grossing Russian film ever — Fyodor⊠Bondarchuk's WWII action film, "Stalingrad."⊠The Nordic-themed hit was produced by⊠Konstantin Ernst, director general of Russia's⊠Channel One, and directed by Andrei Kravchuk,⊠known for his biopics on civil war-era⊠White Russian leader Alexander Kolchak, and⊠the Soviet cult singer-songwriter, Vladimir⊠Vysotsky.

"Viking" tells the story of Prince Vladimir,⊠better known today as Vladimir the Great,⊠who is credited with bringing Christianity to⊠Kievan Rus in the late 10th century. The movie⊠opens during something of a state-sponsored⊠Prince Vladimir lovefest. The medieval leader⊠has recently become one the most discussed⊠Russian historical figures after the authorities⊠put up a controversial monument to him in the⊠center of Moscow. The original plan called for⊠installing a 25-meter statue of the early leader⊠on Vorobyovy Gory (Sparrow Hills), but was⊠canceled under pressure from local residents.⊠The current eight-meter monument nowsstands by the Kremlin walls on BorovitskayasPloshchad, part of a UNESCO Heritage Site. The UN organization has yet to release a statement on the statue's impact. In the meantime, Prince Vladimir stands solemnly at a central Moscowscrossroads as Russia's newest ancient hero.

Played by Danila Kozlovsky, known to western⊠viewers for his roles in "Vampire Academy"⊠and last year's Russian blockbuster "Hardcore⊠Henry," Vladimir is depicted as a violent leader,⊠who will stop at nothing to become the Grand⊠Prince of Kiev. In one of the scenes where we⊠first see Vladimir, he rapes his intended bride⊠Rogneda (played by the rising star Alexandra⊠Bortich) in front of her parents before brutally⊠murdering them.

He then orchestrates the killing of his brother a Yaropolk and takes his place as the supreme aleader of the Kievan Rus. But then he meets a the demure Irina, Yaropolk's widow and a former Christian nun from Byzantium (played by Svetlana Khodchenkova, known outside of Russia for her roles in the remake of "Tinker, a Tailor, Soldier, Spy" and "Wolverine"). Under her influence, Vladimir gradually becomes a different person, and in one of the final scenes he repents his misdeeds and is baptized into the Christian faith.

The film was released in two versions: a family friendly one with an age restriction of 12+ and an uncut version with a 18+ restriction. The main differences in 12+ version are the absence of nudity and less gore. Among the first viewers of the movie were Russia's President Vladimir Putin and the Minister of Culture Vladimir Medinsky. "Definitely interesting. I'd enjoy watching it one more time," the president was quoted as saying.

Embed:

Media Furor

The film was received with extremely mixed⊠reviews in the mainstream Russian media and ⊠has caused an unusual amount of discussion ⊠on social media. Despite the presidents's public ⊠approval, many viewers were unsatisfied with ⊠the way the Kievan Rus and its inhabitants ⊠were portrayed in the film. A group of activists ⊠started a petition on the Change.org web-site ⊠asking the government to ban the movie. They ⊠complained that the Russians' ancestors were ⊠shown as unwashed barbarians in perpetually ⊠dirty clothing, and Kiev as little more than a⊠small town full of hovels rather than real buildings.⊠The petition also refers to scenes of sex ⊠and violence as unsuitable for young viewers.

There is, of course, virtually no evidence of how people lived in 10th century Kievan Rus or even what Kiev looked like. What little information historians have is based on the Primary Chronicle written by the monk Nestor more than a hundred years after the events described in the film. Little is known about Vladimir's life apart from what's described in the Primary Chronicle and a lot of it seems rather apocryphal, like the way he supposedly chose the Orthodox Christian faith after sending his emissaries to study all the major religions of the time.

The producers and screenwriters of "Viking"⊠certainly took a few liberties with the Primary⊠Chronicle. The major discrepancy is that a Scandinavian⊠warrior named Sveneld (played by the⊠formidable Maxim Sukhanov) is portrayed as⊠Vladimir's mentor throughout the movie, while the Primary Chronicle names the prince's maternal uncle Dobrynya as his tutor. The historical Sveneld served Vladimir's grandfather Igor and father Svyatoslav and was long dead by the time of the conflict between Yaropolk and Vladimir. Critics noted a few other minor discrepancies in the screen portrayal of the era, such as characters using armor and weapons that didn't match archeological finds from the period.

Ancient Rus for Today's Russia

But the main problem with the movie is that it simplifies complex and largely unknown historical events into a straightforward "sinner to saint" story, making a clear, black-and-white distinction between the dirty and violent pagans and civilized Christians. Note that all the sex scenes are with heathen Rogneda, while intimacy with Irina is only hinted at, never shown. Despite the petition's claims that the film is humiliating to Russia, it actually corresponds to the "party line" of the government and the Russian Orthodox Church.

Original url:

https://www.themoscowtimes.com/2017/01/16/russian-historical-revisionism-goes-to-the-movies-a568 28