

Getting Wet the Russian Way

By Michele A. Berdy

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Andrei Makhonin / Vedomosti

Мокрый: wet**⊠**⊠

This is not one of Moscow's really wet summers — ■the ones when your umbrella never really dries out and you live in ■your wellies — but we've had a good dose of spectacular ■thunderstorms and record-breaking downpours. That means that you ■probably got caught in the rain — and you didn't just get ■wet, you got drenched.

Because you are human, you will want to describe your wet misfortune as expressively as you can to your significant other. Here, Russian is weak on verbs, but rich in adverbial phrases.

The basic "I got drenched" verb pair is впромокать / промокнуть (to become thoroughly wet). ВYou use the first part of the pair (imperfective) when you're вtalking about the process. Он стал промокать (He began to get really wet.) Промокнуть (perfective) is the one you в when you're already sopping wet. Начался дождь, ветер, мы все промокли (The

rain began, the wind blew up, and we all got soaked.)

Now, that's not too satisfying, is it? You're⊠not going to get tea and sympathy from "я промок." Add an Вadverbial phrase, like насквозь (all the way through): Дождь Вхлынул, и я промокла насквозь (The clouds Ворепеd and I was drenched through and through). Ог до нитки В (to every last thread): Очень скоро мы промокли До нитки (Very soon our clothes were sopping wet.) Ог even В deeper, до костей (down to your bones), although English В doesn't let you go that far: Он попал в грозу и Впромок до костей (He got caught in a storm and was В soaked to the skin.)

In Russian, your eyes can also get wet: У отца⊠промокли глаза, но лишь на мгновение⊠(My father's eyes filled with tears, but for just an instant.) От⊠уои can wet something intentionally: Она промокала своё⊠лицо влажной губкой (She moistened her face with a⊠damp sponge.)

The other way of getting wet in Russian is from ■the inside out: потеть (to sweat). You can use the same verb ■for getting soaked: Было жарко, низкорослые ■болотные деревца тени давали немного, ■гимнастёрки промокли от пота (It was hot, ■the low swampy trees didn't give much shade, and the soldiers' ■shirts were drenched with sweat.)

In English, when you are wet and bedraggled, you⊠look like a drowned rat. In Russian, you are мокрый, как⊠мышь (wet as a mouse). No one seems to have a good explanation⊠for the origins of the wet mouse simile, unless you believe that mice⊠sweat a lot while running on their wheel. In any case, the expression⊠means being drenched in sweat either due to illness or hard work. У⊠неё держалась температура, и она лежала⊠мокрая, как мышь (She had a fever that wouldn't break⊠and lay in bed, soaked with sweat.) Он колол дрова,⊠пришёл мокрый, как мышь (He cut firewood and came⊠home drenched in sweat.)

Sweating is often a metaphor for working hard: Они⊠заставляли президентскую команду⊠попотеть (They really made the president's team sweat and⊠toil.) Работать до седьмого пота (work until⊠the seventh sweat) is an odd expression in which the number seven⊠really just means "a lot": Одни спину гнут, работают⊠до седьмого пота, а другие, выходит,⊠живут за их счёт (Some do back-breaking labor, work⊠until they are covered in sweat, while others, it turns out, live off⊠them.)

Ain't that the truth. Wet rodents of the world — ■unite!

Michele ■A. Berdy is a Moscow-based translator and interpreter, author of ■ "The Russian Word's Worth," a collection of her columns.

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