

# Khodorkovsky's New Image as a Nationalist

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Former Yukos CEO Mikhail Khodorkovsky may have flustered some die-hard liberals in Russia by saying in his first media interviews after his release from prison that he supports President Vladimir Putin's goals for a great and indivisible Russia and only disagrees with Putin's methods. He further rattled the liberal circles by branding himself as a Russian nationalist who would be prepared to go to war to prevent any of the North Caucasus republics from seceding.

Both statements are politically astute. They also reveal Khodorkovsky's unbridled ambition, despite his public renunciation of a political career and a legal ban on running for an elected office until 2028 because of his criminal convictions.

Khodorkovsky has shrewdly staked out a position that inoculates him, and anyone who endorses his views, from Putin's attempts to cast any opposition to his rule as patently unpatriotic — "an opposition not to the government but to Russia herself."

Khodorkovsky's point is that the opposition should aim for Russia's greatness, defining it with an emphasis on individual freedom, rule of law and checks and balances on state power. He further argues for a serious devolution of authority from the imperial presidency to the parliament and a political government, eliminating the constitutional framework for a one-man rule. This is a world of difference from the current system.

It is right for Khodorkovsky to emphasize the indivisibility of the Russian state to deflect the Kremlin's spin that the opposition is only seeking to sell Russia on the block. One has to put this silliness away to start a substantive conversation about the country's future.

Nor is it controversial for Khodorkovsky to present himself as a nationalist. He defines nationalism in civic, not ethnic, terms. He understands that to have credibility as a Russian leader, one has to be a nationalist to deny the "patriotism franchise" to dangerous loonies.

Khodorkovsky does not need to engage in party-building to play a major role in shaping Russia's future. His moral authority and managerial competence give him the stature to serve as the assembly point for an alternative elite. The emergence of an alternative ruling class, capable of competently running the country, has been a key factor in the successful post-Communist transitions in Eastern Europe in the 1990s.

For this, Khodorkovsky needs to start publicly laying out his vision for a Russia beyond Putin. Stay tuned.

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