

## How I Would Lead the World Bank

By Jose Antonio Ocampo

April 09, 2012



I have been honored by World Bank directors representing developing countries and Russia to be selected as one of two developing country candidates to become the bank's next president. So I want to make known the principles that will guide my actions if I am elected — principles based on lessons learned from development experience.

That experience has taught me that successful development is always the result of a judicious mix of market, state and society. Trying to suppress markets leads to gross inefficiencies and loss of dynamism. Trying to do without the state leads to unstable

and/or inequitable outcomes. And trying to ignore social actors that play an essential role at the national and local levels precludes the popular legitimacy that successful policymaking requires.

Indeed, the specific mix of markets, state and society should be the subject of national decisions adopted by representative authorities. This means that it is not the role of any international institution to impose a particular model of development on any country —

a mistake that the World Bank made in the past and that it has been working to correct. Because no "one-size-fits-all" strategy exists, the bank must include among its staff the global diversity of approaches to development issues.

Development is a comprehensive process that involves economic, social and environmental dimensions — the three pillars of sustainable development. And, frankly, I have concerns about some of the World Bank's views and priorities in recent decades. For example, while the bank has made important contributions to the nurturing of deep financial sectors, it still has much to learn about financial inclusiveness and the role that well-designed development banks have played in fostering sustainable and inclusive growth in countries around the world. We should never forget, in this regard, that the World Bank is itself a global public-sector development institution.

Above all, I believe that economic development should be viewed as a process of persistent structural change that, if successful, supports constant technological upgrading of production and trade. This approach was central to the World Bank's activities up to the 1970s, and, while it has been partly revived, it is far from being incorporated into bank operations.

The goal of development is greater and more equitable human welfare. Human development is about much more than the generation of human capital: It is essentially about expanding the scope of human freedom. And that can be achieved only with universal education, health care and social protection.

Guaranteeing these objectives is not just about compensating for market outcomes and social forces that generate or reproduce inequalities. It is also about incorporating these objectives into economic policymaking, by placing the creation of fulfilling jobs and well-developed welfare institutions at the center of the economic agenda, and by respecting the role of cultural diversity in economic development.

The World Bank's capacity to contribute to achieving these goals depends on it remaining a true global institution with a special responsibility vis-a-vis the world's poorest countries and a commitment to helping middle-income countries face their own challenges. It must count on the vision and contributions of more advanced nations, as well as those of emerging powers. And it must do so as part of the system of global governance, strengthening its cooperation with other multilateral organizations, in particular those in the United Nations system and regional and subregional development banks.

These are the development principles and priorities for which I stand. If elected to head the world's leading development institution, I will work with all of its members to fulfill them.

Jose Antonio Ocampo, a professor at Columbia University, was undersecretary-general of the United Nations for Economic and Social Affairs, and finance minister of Colombia. He is one of three nominees for president of the World Bank. © Project Syndicate

The views expressed in opinion pieces do not necessarily reflect the position of The Moscow Times.

